



# Lead Service Line Inventory Violation Form

331-764 · November 2024

We, Burton Water Cooperative Water System, I.D. 09800, located in King County, are required to complete and submit a Lead Service Line Inventory (LSLI) to the State and make the inventory publicly accessible. Any lead service lines and certain other lines identified from LSLI will be required to be replaced to reduce lead exposure in drinking water. We did not complete our required LSLI, make it publicly accessible, and submit it to the State by the deadline of October 16, 2024. We therefore are not able to provide you with information on the service line materials at your service address. This deadline passed before the purchase of the water system by the customers and none of our distribution or transmission lines are lead. We have no knowledge of any lead service lines on our system, but will complete our LSLI as soon as practical and notify members when it's available.

**At this time:**

- We will work to complete an LSLI and submit it to the State.
- Once completed, we will make the LSLI publicly available upon request.
- We will provide you with information on health effects of lead and steps you can take to reduce your exposure to lead (see reverse side for details).

**For More Information**

Contact Name (Owner/Operator)	Nick Simmons
Contact Number	(206)463-0005
Address	PO Box 1938 Vashon WA 98070

**Notice Provided By**

Water System Name	Burton Water Cooperative
Date	1/31/2025

**Lead Service Line Inventory Public Notice Certification Form**  
This section must be completed by the water system. The signature below indicates the notice contains all required elements.

**Complete the following items—check all that apply.**

- Notice mailed to all water customers on N/A
- Notice hand-delivered to all water customers on N/A
- Notice included in annual Consumer Confidence Report (attach copy).
- Notice posted at <https://burtonwater.org/> on 1/31/2025

Signature	
Position	Operator
Date	1/31/2025

**Send copy of completed notification and certification to**

[LSLIViolations@doh.wa.gov](mailto:LSLIViolations@doh.wa.gov), or mail to:  
Office of Drinking Water  
PO Box 47822  
Olympia, WA 98504-7822  
FAX (360)236-2252

# Health Effects of Lead

*Exposure to lead in drinking water can cause serious health effects in all age groups. Infants and children can have decreases in IQ and attention span. Lead exposure can lead to new learning and behavior problems or worsen existing learning and behavior problems. The children of women who are exposed to lead before or during pregnancy can have increased risk of these negative health effects. Adults can have increased risks of heart disease, high blood pressure, and kidney or nervous system problems.*

## Steps to Reduce Lead in Drinking Water

Below are recommended actions that you may take, separately or in combination, if you are concerned about lead in your drinking water. The list also includes where you may find more information. It is not intended to be a complete list. It does not imply that all actions equally reduce lead in drinking water.

**Use your filter properly.** Using a filter can reduce lead in drinking water. If you use a filter, it should be certified to remove lead. Read any directions provided with the filter to learn how to properly install, maintain, and use your cartridge and when to replace it. Using the cartridge after it has expired can make it less effective at removing lead. Do not run hot water through the filter. For more information on facts and advice on home water filtration systems, visit EPA's filters to reduce lead website.

**Clean your aerator.** Regularly remove and clean your faucet's screen (also known as an aerator). Sediment, debris, and lead particles can collect in your aerator. If lead particles are caught in the aerator, lead can get into your water.

**Use cold water.** Do not use hot water from the tap for drinking, cooking, or making baby formula as lead dissolves more easily into hot water. Boiling water does not remove lead from water.

**Run your water.** The more time water has been sitting in pipes providing water to your home, the more lead it may contain. Before drinking, flush your home's pipes by running the tap, taking a shower, doing laundry, or doing a load of dishes. The amount of time to run the water will depend on whether your home has a lead service line or not, as well as the length and diameter of the service line and the amount of plumbing in your home.

**Learn about construction in your neighborhood.** Contact us at [operator@burtonwater.org](mailto:operator@burtonwater.org) or call (206)462-0005 to find out about any construction or maintenance work that could disturb your service line. Construction may cause more lead to be released from a lead service line or galvanized service line if present.

**Have your water tested.** Contact us, your water utility, at [operator@burtonwater.org](mailto:operator@burtonwater.org) or call (206)463-0005 to learn more about the lead levels in your drinking water. We can help you find a certified laboratory to test your water. You will need to pay the testing fee directly to the lab. Note: a water sample may not adequately capture or represent all sources of lead that may be present. [Visit EPA's Basic Information About Lead webpage](#) for information on sources of lead that include service lines and interior plumbing.



To request this document in another format, call 1-800-525-0127. Deaf or hard of hearing customers, please call 711 (Washington Relay) or email [doh.information@doh.wa.gov](mailto:doh.information@doh.wa.gov). If in need of translation services, call 1-800-525-0127.